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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/825,787	04/16/2004	Mariam N. Maghribi	IL-11206	9076
7	590 07/26/2006	EXAMINER .		
Eddie E. Scot	t	HELLER, TAMMIE K		
Assistant Labor	ratory Counsel			
	rmore National Laborat	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
P.O. Box 808, 1		3766		
Livermore, CA	A 94551	DATE MAILED, 07/0/0000		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applicat	ion No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/825,7	' 87	MAGHRIBÍ ET AL.			
		Examine	r	Art Unit			
		Tammie	Heller	3766			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communicati or Reply	on appears on th	e cover sheet with the c	orrespondence a	ddress		
A SH WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any (ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAIL. Insions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communical period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutor re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, be reply received by the Office later than three months after the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ING DATE OF T CFR 1.136(a). In no e ation. y period will apply and y by statute, cause the ap	HIS COMMUNICATION vent, however, may a reply be timwill expire SIX (6) MONTHS from plication to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this of D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status							
2a) <u></u>	Responsive to communication(s) filed on This action is FINAL . 2b) Since this application is in condition for a closed in accordance with the practice up	☑ This action is allowance excep	t for formal matters, pro		e merits is		
Dispositi	on of Claims						
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) <u>1,5,10,11,18,20,24,29,30,35,37</u> 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are w Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1,5,10,11,18,20,24,29,30,35,37</u> Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction	rithdrawn from co	onsideration.	n.			
Applicati	on Papers						
10)	The specification is objected to by the ExThe drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)[Applicant may not request that any objection Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the The oath or declaration is objected to by	accepted or b to the drawing(s) correction is requi	be held in abeyance. See ired if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 C	, ,		
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
2) Notice	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-9 mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO r No(s)/Mail Date 4/16/04.		4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate	O-152)		

DETAILED ACTION

1. Applicant's election without traverse of Species 4aa in the reply filed on May 3, 2006 is acknowledged.

Double Patenting

2. A rejection based on double patenting of the "same invention" type finds its support in the language of 35 U.S.C. 101 which states that "whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process ... may obtain a patent therefor ..." (Emphasis added). Thus, the term "same invention," in this context, means an invention drawn to identical subject matter. See *Miller v. Eagle Mfg. Co.*, 151 U.S. 186 (1894); *In re Ockert*, 245 F.2d 467, 114 USPQ 330 (CCPA 1957); and *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970).

A statutory type (35 U.S.C. 101) double patenting rejection can be overcome by canceling or amending the conflicting claims so they are no longer coextensive in scope. The filing of a terminal disclaimer <u>cannot</u> overcome a double patenting rejection based upon 35 U.S.C. 101.

- 3. Claims 1, 10, 18, 35, and 37 are provisionally rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 as claiming the same invention as that of claims 1, 7, 12, 15, and 17, respectively, of copending Application No. 10/826,477. This is a <u>provisional</u> double patenting rejection since the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.
- 4. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the

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unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

5. Claims 20 and 29 are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1 and 7 of copending Application No. 10/826,477. Although the conflicting claims are not identical,

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they are not patentably distinct from each other because both applications claim a stretchable electronic circuit including a polymer substrate and at least one circuit line operatively connected to the flexible polymer substrate.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

6. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 7. Claims 1, 5, 18, 20, 24, 35, and 50 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Istook (U.S. Patent No. 6,341,504). Regarding claims 1, 20, and 35, Istook discloses a stretchable electronic apparatus that includes a stretchable polymer body 12 and at least one circuit line 14 operatively connected to the stretchable polymer body (see Figures 1-4). Further, it can be seen from the figures that the at least one circuit line extends in the longitudinal direction and includes a longitudinal component

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that extends in the longitudinal direction and an offset component 16 at an angle to the longitudinal direction.

8. Regarding claims 5 and 24, it can be seen from Figure 2 of Istook that the at least one circuit line is sawtooth shaped with rounded corners.

9. Regarding claims 18 and 50, the Examiner takes the position that the stretchable polymer body comprises a microcable because it contains strands of fiber braided together, as can be seen in Figures 1-4.

10. Claims 1, 11, 20, 30, and 35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Albert et al. (U.S. 2003/0020844), herein Albert. Regarding claims 1, 20, and 35, Albert discloses a mounted display assembly that includes a stretchable polymer body 140 and at least one circuit line 123 operatively connected to said stretchable polymer body which extends in the longitudinal direction (see Figure 3A). It can be seen in Figure 3A that the at least one circuit line 123 includes a longitudinal component that extends in the longitudinal direction and an offset component that is at an angle to the longitudinal direction.

11. Regarding claims 11 and 30, Albert discloses that the at least one circuit line comprises conductive ink (see Paragraph 31, In. 1-6).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

12. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the

invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

13. Claims 10, 29, and 37 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Istook. Istook discloses the invention essentially as claimed, but fails to disclose that the stretchable polymer body 12 is made of poly(dimethylsiloxane). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make the stretchable polymer body 12 of poly(dimethylsiloxane), since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice. *In re Leshin*, 125 USPQ 416.

14. Claims 10, 29, and 37 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Albert. Albert discloses the invention essentially as claimed, but fails to disclose that the stretchable polymer body 140 is made of poly(dimethylsiloxane). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make the stretchable polymer body 140 of poly(dimethylsiloxane), since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice. *In re Leshin*, 125 USPQ 416.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tammie Heller whose telephone number is 571-272-1986. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 7am until 3:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert E. Pezzuto can be reached on 571-272-6996. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Tammie K. Heller Patent Examiner Art Unit 3766

TKH

Supervisory Patent Examiner

Art Unit 3766